CLAIMS

- 1 A reset apparatus for a clocking subsystem of a data processing system having a clock source, comprising:
- a phase locked loop (PLL) having a reference clock input for receiving clock sig-
- nals from the clock source, a reset input for receiving a PLL reset signal that resets the
- 5 PLL, the PLL further having an output that delivers phase aligned clock signals to logic
- 6 of the data processing system;
- a circuit having a clock input to receive the clock signals and a reset input to re-
- 8 ceive a circuit reset signal, the circuit further having a PLL reset output to deliver the
- 9 PLL reset signal to the PLL;
- a first timer having an input that receives the clock signals, the first timer gener-
- ating a first timer signal in response to receiving the clock signals, and not generating the
- 12 first timer signal in response to not receiving the clock signals; and
- a second timer having an input to receive the first timer signal, an output to de-
- liver the circuit reset signal to the circuit in response to detecting an absence of the first
- timer signal, the circuit rest signal causing the circuit to reset the PLL.
- 1 2. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:
- the circuit having a global reset output for delivering global reset signals to logic
- of the data processing system.
- 1 3. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:
- the first timer signal generated by the first timer is a pulsed signal, and the second
- timer is configured to detect the presence or absence of the pulsed signal at its input.
- 1 4. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:

- the second timer is a watchdog timer that generates the circuit reset signal after a delay period.
- 1 5. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:
- the clock source is a processor of the data processing system and the clock signals
- 3 are forwarded clock signals.
- 1 6. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:
- the circuit having an external reset input for receiving an external reset signal and
- an error reset output for delivering an error reset signal to a set of error registers, the er-
- 4 ror registers storing information related to the cause of a system error, the error reset sig-
- 5 nal being asserted in response to assertion of the external reset signal.
- 7. The apparatus of Claim 6, further comprising:
- the external reset signal is generated by a voltage monitor device in response to
- 3 power transitions.
- 1 8. The apparatus as in claim 7, further comprising:
- the error registers are control status registers
- 1 9. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:
- the second timer issuing the circuit reset signal to the circuit before clock signals
- are received at the first timer; and,
- the circuit asserting the PLL reset signal and a global reset signal in response to the
- reset signal from the second timer.

- 1 10. The apparatus of claim 9, further comprising:
- the second timer halting issuance of the circuit reset signal in response to receiv-
- 3 ing the first timer signal; and,
- the circuit releasing the PLL reset signal after a predetermined period of time has
- 5 elapsed since receiving the circuit reset signal.
 - 11. The apparatus of claim 10, further comprising:
- the circuit, after a subsequent predetermined period of time has elapsed since re-
- 3 ceiving the circuit reset signal, releasing the global reset signal and distributing the phase-
- 4 aligned clock signals to logic of the data processing system.
 - 12. A method for resetting a clocking subsystem of a data processing system, the
- 2 method comprising:

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- providing a phase locked loop (PLL) having a reference clock input for receiving
- 4 clock signals from a clock source, a reset input for receiving a PLL reset signal that resets
- 5 the PLL, the PLL further having an output that delivers phase aligned clock signals to
- 6 logic of the data processing system
- providing a circuit having a clock input to receive the clock signals and a reset
- 8 input to receive a circuit reset signal, the circuit further having a PLL reset output to de-
- 9 liver the PLL reset signal to the PLL;
- generating a first timer signal at a first timer circuit in response to receiving the
- clock signals, and not generating the first timer signal in response to not receiving the
- 12 clock signals; and,
- detecting the absence of the first timer signal at a second timer having an input to
- receive the first timer signal, and in response to detecting the absence of the first timer
- signal outputting the circuit reset signal to the circuit to enable the circuit to reset the PLL
- in the absence of the clock signals.

- 1 13. The method of Claim 12, further comprising:
- generating a global reset signal at the circuit, the circuit having a global reset sig-
- anal output interconnected to logic of the data processing system.
- 1 14. The method of Claim 12, further comprising
- generating the first timer signal as a pulsed signal, and the second timer is config-
- 3 ured to detect the presence or absence of the pulsed signal at its input.
- 1 15. The method of Claim 12, further comprising:
- 2 generating the circuit reset signal after a delay period.
- 1 16. The method of Claim 12, further comprising:
- 2 providing the clock signals are forwarded clock signals from
- a processor of the data processing system.
- 1 17. The method of Claim 12, further comprising:
- 2 providing an external reset input at the circuit for receiving an external reset sig-
- and and providing an error reset output at the circuit for delivering an error reset signal to
- a set of error registers; and,
- asserting the error reset signal in response to assertion of the external reset signal.
- 1 18. The method of Claim 17, further comprising:
- generating the external reset signal at a voltage monitor device in response to
- 3 power transitions.

- 1 19. The method of Claim 18, further comprising:
- 2 providing the error registers are control status registers.
- 1 20. The method of claim 12, further comprising:
- issuing the circuit reset signal from the second timer to the circuit before clock
- 3 signals are received at the first timer; and,
- asserting the PLL reset signal and a global reset signal at the circuit in response to
- 5 the reset signal from the second timer.
- 1 21. The method of claim 20, further comprising:
- halting issuance of the circuit reset signal at the second timer in response to re-
- 3 ceiving the first timer signal at the second timer; and,
- releasing the PLL reset signal at the circuit after a predetermined period of time
- 5 has elapsed since receiving the circuit reset signal.
- 1 22. The method of claim 20, further comprising:
- after a subsequent predetermined period of time has elapsed since receiving the
- 3 circuit reset signal, releasing the global reset signal at the circuit and distributing the
- 4 phase-aligned clock signals to logic of the data processing system.
- 1 23. A reset apparatus for a clocking subsystem of a data processing system having a
- 2 clock source, comprising:
- means for delivering phase aligned clock signals from a phase locked loop (PLL)
- to logic of the data processing system, the PLL having a reference clock input for re-

- 5 ceiving clock signals from a clock source, and a reset input for receiving a PLL reset
- 6 signal that resets the PLL
- means for outputting a PLL reset signal to the PLL from a circuit having a clock
- 8 input to receive the clock signals and a reset input to receive a circuit reset signal;
- means for generating a first timer signal at a first timer in response to receiving
- the clock signals, and not generating the first timer signal in response to not receiving the
- 11 clock signals; and,
- means for detecting the absence of the first timer signal at a second timer having
- an input to receive the first timer signal, and in response response to detecting the ab-
- sence of the first timer signal outputting the circuit reset signal to the circuit to enable the
- circuit to reset the PLL circuit in the absence of the clock signals.
- 1 24. A computer readable media, comprising:
- the computer readable media containing instructions for execution in a processor
- for the practice of the method of claim 12.
- 1 25. Electromagnetic signals propagating on a computer network, comprising:
- The electromagnetic signals carrying instructions for the execution on a processor
- for the practice of the method of claim 12.